Mathematics

Key Instant Recall Facts

KIRFs



To develop your child's fluency and mental maths skills, we are introducing KIRFs (Key Instant Recall Facts) throughout Mill Rythe Junior School. KIRFS are a way of helping your child to learn by heart, key facts and information which they need to have <u>instant recall of</u>.

KIRFs are designed to support the development of mental maths skills that underpin much of the maths work in our school. They are particularly useful when calculating, adding, subtracting, multiplying or dividing. They contain number facts such as number bonds and times tables that need constant practise and rehearsal, so children can recall them quickly and accurately.

Instant recall of facts helps enormously with mental agility in maths lessons. When children move onto written calculations, knowing these key facts is very beneficial. Being able to recall these facts quickly allows your child to focus on problem solving and reasoning which is a main focus for the mathematics curriculum. For your child to become more efficient in recalling them easily, they need to be practised frequently and for short periods of time.

Each half term, children will focus on a Key Instant Recall Fact (KIRF) to practise and learn at home for the half term. They will also be available on our school website under the maths section. The KIRFs include practical ideas to assist your child in grasping the key facts and contain helpful suggestions of ways in which you could make this learning interesting and relevant. They are not designed to be a time-consuming task and can be practised anywhere – for example in the car and walking to school. Regular practice - little and often – helps children to retain these facts and keep their skills sharp. Throughout the half term, the KIRFs will also be practised in school and your child's teacher will assess whether they have been retained.

Over their time at Mill Rythe Junior School, we believe that - if the KIRFs are developed fully - children will be more confident with number work, understand its relevance, and be able to access the curriculum much more easily. They will be able to apply what they have learnt to a wide range of problems and contexts that they will encounter as parts of their learning in maths.



Key Instant Recall Facts

Year 6- Spring 2

I know doubles and halves of two place decimals.

By the end of the Spring term, children should be able to confidently recall facts that involve finding doubles and halves of numbers with two digits after the decimal point.

Some examples:

0.62 + 0.62 = 1.24 $2.5 \div 2 = 1.25$

1.35 + 1.35 = 2.7 $4.32 \div 2 = 2.16$

2.04+ 2.04=4.08 1.08 ÷ 2= 0.56

Key Vocabulary

What is double 1.32?

What is half of 7.3?

What is 4.52 multiplied by 2?

What is 6.42 divided by 2?

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising **little** and **often**. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day.

<u>Use their knowledge of doubles and halves of numbers up to 100</u>. It can be useful to ignore the decimal point to help them as long as they are able to put them back in the correct place at the end. Using a place value chart can help with this.

Encourage them to partition down into the different parts of the number. For example double 1.35 can be broken down into 1 + 0.3 + 0.05 and then double each part separately (2 + 0.6 + 0.1 = 2.7).